

First Results From CORE-008 Cohort A: Phase 2 Study of Intravesical Cretostimogene Grenadenorepvec in Patients with High-Risk, BCG-Naive Non-Muscle Invasive Bladder Cancer

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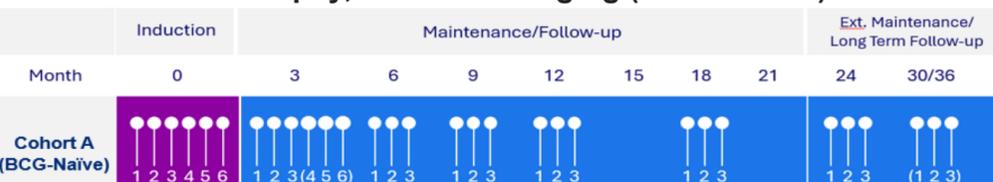
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BACKGROUND

- Guidelines currently recommend IVE BCG or RC for HR NMIBC^{1,2}
- Challenges with IVE BCG: variable durability across historical vs contemporary studies, treatment-limiting side effects, and ongoing supply shortages³⁻⁹
- RC carries substantial morbidity and complications^{10,11}
- Cretostimogene is an oncolytic immunotherapy with dual mechanisms of action; it selectively replicates in and lyses cancer cells while simultaneously amplifying the immune response against bladder tumors
- CORE-008 is a phase 2, multi-arm, multi-cohort, open-label trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of cretostimogene across a broad HR NMIBC population

METHODS

- Cohort A includes HR BCG-Naive NMIBC with CIS, defined as no prior BCG, BCG administered >24 months ago, or receipt of only 1-2 BCG doses within the past 24 months
- Randomized 1:1:
 - Original (5-step): saline wash → DDM wash → DDM dwell → saline wash → cretostimogene dwell
 - Optimized (2-step): DDM → cretostimogene dwell
- Response assessments included urine cytology, serial cystoscopy with directed biopsy, and axial imaging (as indicated)



Abbreviations: BCAN= Bladder Cancer Advocacy Network; CR = complete response; DoR= duration of response; HG= high-grade; HR= high-risk; NMIBC = non-muscle invasive bladder cancer; RC= radical cystectomy; TRAE = treatment-related adverse event
References: 1 NCCN Bladder Cancer Guidelines; 2025, 2 AUA/SUO NMIBC Guidelines; 2024 3 Sylvester, *Eur Urol*; 2006, 4 Kamat, *J Clin Oncol*; 2016, 5 Roumiguie, *Eur Urol*; 2022, 6 Longoni, *Eur Urol Oncol*; 2025, 7 Brausi, *Eur Urol*, 2014, 8 Tapiero, *Urology*; 2018, 9 Van Der Meijden, *Eur Urol* 2003, 10 Maibom, *BMJ Open*, 2021, 11 Clements, *Eur Urol* 2021
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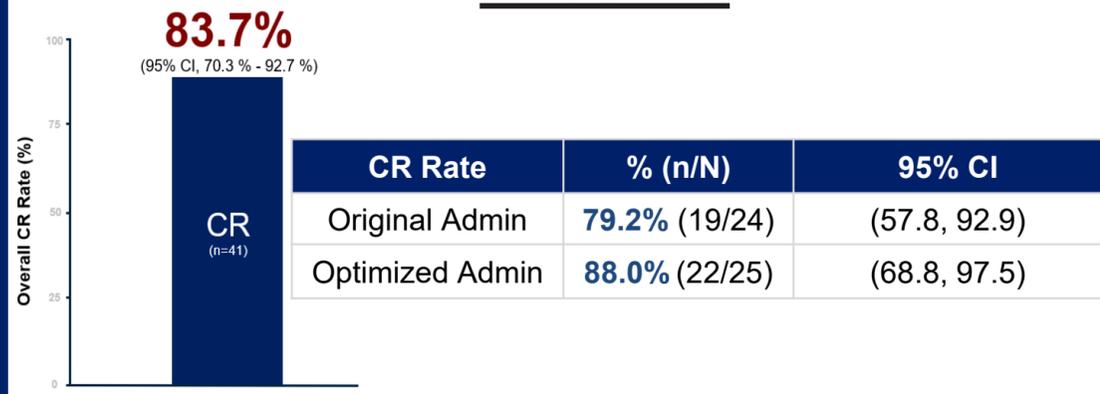
Initial Results in BCG-Naive NMIBC Flexibility Permitted with Optimized (2-step) Administration Additional Treatment Arms Planned

BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

- Majority of patients are: Male (90.7%), White (92.6%), >65 years (88.8%)
- All patients enrolled from the U.S.
- Well balanced across original vs optimized administration approaches

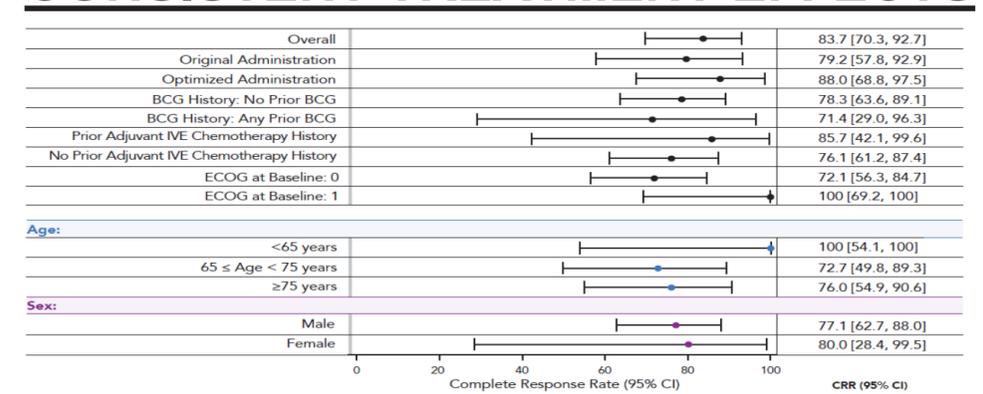
Patients in Safety Dataset	N=54	%
ECOG PS		
ECOG PS 0	44	81.5
ECOG PS 1	10	18.5
HR NMIBC T-Stage at Study Entry		
CIS alone	24	44.4
CIS with HG Ta	17	31.5
CIS with HG T1	13	24.1
BCG History, n (%)		
No Prior BCG	47	87.0
BCG >24 Mo Ago	7	13.0
Prior Adjuvant IVE Chemotherapy, n (%)		
Adjuvant IVE Chemotherapy	7	13.0
No Adjuvant IVE Chemotherapy	47	87.0

RESULTS



- As of Sept 01, 2025- Median follow-up 4.6 months
- No patients required radical cystectomy
- No treatment-related progression to MIBC or mUC
- 3 patients experienced NMIBC stage reclassification

CONSISTENT TREATMENT EFFECTS



SAFETY PROFILE

- 0% Grade ≥ 3 TRAEs, SAEs or deaths
- No treatment related discontinuations
- 98.1% (53/54) completed all protocol-defined treatments
 - Original Admin 96.3% (26/27)
 - Optimized Admin 100% (27/27)

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